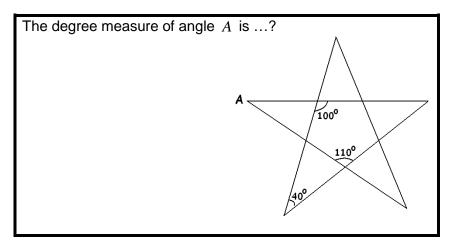
# Curriculum Inspirations Inspiring students with rich content from the MAA

Inspiring students with rich content from the MAA American Mathematics Competitions



# **Curriculum Burst 2: Angles in a Star**

By Dr. James Tanton, MAA Mathematician in Residence



**SOURCE:** This is guestion # 21 from the 1999 MAA AMC 8 Competition.

## **QUICK STATS:**

### MAA AMC GRADE LEVEL

This question is appropriate for the 8<sup>th</sup> grade level.

### **MATHEMATICAL TOPICS**

Geometry: Angles in triangles, straight angles (linear pairs) and vertical angles.



### **COMMON CORE STATE STANDARDS**

7.G-5: Use facts about supplementary, complementary, vertical, and adjacent angles in a multi-step problem to write and solve simple equations for an unknown angle in a figure.

### MATHEMATICAL PRACTICE STANDARDS

MP1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.

MP3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.

Look for and make use of structure MP7

### PROBLEM SOLVING STRATEGY

ESSAY 7: **PERSEVERENCE IS KEY** 

### THE PROBLEM-SOLVING PROCESS:

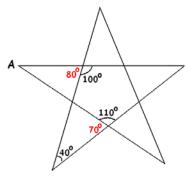
The most important step ...

**STEP 1:** Read the question, have an emotional reaction to it, take a deep breath, and then reread the question.

My reaction is ... This looks like a geometry problem from a textbook.

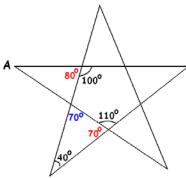
I personally don't feel too overwhelmed by this question as I am sure I can just start writing in angles. Something will probably come of it. (And if nothing does ... I'll panic then!)

Let's leap into it. I can see two angles I can write in right away.



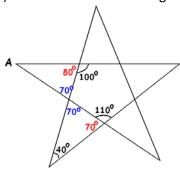
Actually, now I am stuck! Hmm.

Ooh! I see a triangle on the lower left with a  $40^\circ$  and a  $70^\circ$  angle in it. As three angles in a triangle sum to  $180^\circ$  , its third angle has measure  $70^\circ$  as well.

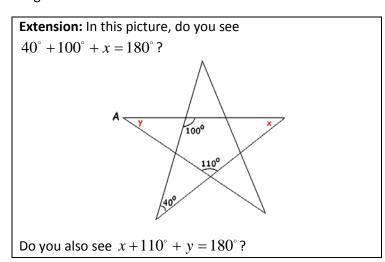


Okay. Still not sure where we're going.

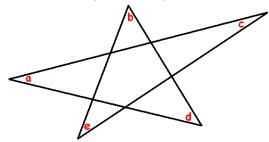
Let's see. What else is there to we can do? (I am just plugging along.) Oh! There are vertical angles.



And now I see the triangle on the left. It has  $70^{\circ}+80^{\circ}+angle~A=180^{\circ}~.$  This means the measure of angle A is  $30^{\circ}~!$ 



**CLASSROOM SURPRISE:** With rulers and pencils have students draw some lopsided five-pointed stars.



With protractors, measure the five angles in the points and compute their sum: a+b+c+d+e. What amazing thing does your class notice about this sum each and every time?

See the video <u>www.jamestanton.com?/p=868</u> for an explanation.

Curriculum Inspirations is brought to you by the Mathematical Association of America and the MAA American Mathematics Competitions.

